

Tamed Milstein-type scheme for the McKean-Vlasov SDEs

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Probabilistic set-up

- $(\Omega^0, \mathcal{F}^0, P^0)$ and $(\Omega^1, \mathcal{F}^1, P^1)$ are complete probability spaces equipped with the filtrations $\mathbb{F}^0 := (\mathcal{F}_t^0)_{t \geq 0}$ and $\mathbb{F}^1 := (\mathcal{F}_t^1)_{t \geq 0}$, satisfying usual conditions.
- Wiener processes W^0 and W are defined on $(\Omega^0, \mathcal{F}^0, P^0)$ and $(\Omega^1, \mathcal{F}^1, P^1)$.
- Define a product space (Ω, \mathcal{F}, P) , where $\Omega = \Omega^0 \times \Omega^1$, (\mathcal{F}, P) is the completion of $(\mathcal{F}^0 \otimes \mathcal{F}^1, P^0 \otimes P^1)$ and $\mathbb{F} := (\mathcal{F}_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is the complete and right-continuous augmentation of $(\mathcal{F}_t^0 \otimes \mathcal{F}_t^1)_{t \geq 0}$.
- For $X : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$, $\mathcal{L}^1(X) : \Omega^0 \ni \omega^0 \mapsto \mathcal{L}(X(\omega^0, \cdot))$ is a well-defined random variable from $(\Omega^0, \mathcal{F}^0, P^0)$ into $\mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ (P^0 -a.s.) and is seen as a conditional law of X given \mathcal{F}^0 (Lemma 2.4 in Carmona and Delarue (2018b)).
- If the \mathbb{F} -adapted unique solution $(X_t)_{0 \leq t \leq T}$ of (1) has continuous paths and has uniformly bounded second moment, then one can find a version of $\mathcal{L}^1(X_t)$, for every $t \geq 0$, such that $(\mathcal{L}^1(X_t))_{t \geq 0}$ has continuous paths and is \mathbb{F}^0 -adapted (Lemma 2.5 in Carmona and Delarue (2018b)).
- X_0 of (1) is assumed to be defined on $(\Omega^1, \mathcal{F}_0^1, P^1)$, which means that only W^0 plays the role of the common noise. In light of Proposition 2.9 in Carmona and Delarue (2018b), $\mathcal{L}^1(X_t)$ is a version of the conditional law of X_t given W^0 . For alternative choices of the initial data, we refer to Remark 2.10 in Carmona and Delarue (2018b).

Probabilistic set-up

- $\mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$: space of probability measures μ on $(\mathbb{R}^d, \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R}^d))$ with $\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} |x|^2 \mu(dx) < \infty$ and a \mathcal{L}^2 -Wasserstein metric given by

$$\mathcal{W}_2(\mu_1, \mu_2) := \inf_{\pi \in \Pi(\mu_1, \mu_2)} \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} |x - y|^2 \pi(dx, dy) \right)^{1/2}$$

- $b : [0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$, $\sigma : [0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{d \times m}$ and $\sigma^0 : [0, T] \times \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{d \times m}$ are measurable functions

Consider McKean–Vlasov SDE,

$$\begin{aligned} X_t = X_0 + \int_0^t b_s(X_s, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s)) ds + \int_0^t \sigma_s(X_s, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s)) dW_s \\ + \int_0^t \sigma_s^0(X_s, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s)) dW_s^0. \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

almost surely for any $t \in [0, T]$.

Well-posedness and Moment Bound

Assumption 1 (Moment of Initial Value)

$E|X_0|^{p_0} < \infty$ for a fixed constant $p_0 > 2$.

Assumption 2 (Coercivity)

There exists a constant $L > 0$ s. t. $\forall t \in [0, T]$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$,

$$\begin{aligned} 2xb_t(x, \mu) + (p_0 - 1)|\sigma_t(x, \mu)|^2 + (p_0 - 1)|\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)|^2 \\ \leq L\{(1 + |x|)^2 + \mathcal{W}_2^2(\mu, \delta_0)\}. \end{aligned}$$

Assumption 3 (Monotonicity)

There exists a constant $L > 0$ s. t. $\forall t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$,

$$\begin{aligned} 2(x - \bar{x})(b_t(x, \mu) - b_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})) + |\sigma_t(x, \mu) - \sigma_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})|^2 + |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu) - \sigma_t^0(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})|^2 \\ \leq L\{|x - \bar{x}|^2 + \mathcal{W}_2^2(\mu, \bar{\mu})\}. \end{aligned}$$

Well-posedness and Moment Bound

Assumption 4 (Continuity)

For every $t \in [0, T]$ and $\mu \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$, $b_t(x, \mu)$ is a continuous function of $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$.

Theorem 1 (Existence, Uniqueness and Moment Bound)

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 3 and 4 be satisfied. Then, there exists a unique strong solution of (1) and the following holds,

$$\sup_{0 \leq t \leq T} E|X_t|^{p_0} \leq K,$$

where $K := K(L, E|X_0|^{p_0}, d, m, m_0) > 0$ is a constant. Moreover,

$$E \sup_{0 \leq t \leq T} |X_t|^q \leq K,$$

for any $q < p_0$.

Propagation of Chaos

- System of conditional non-interacting particles:

$$\begin{aligned} X_t^i &= X_0^i + \int_0^t b_s(X_s^i, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s^i)) ds + \int_0^t \sigma_s(X_s^i, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s^i)) dW_s^i \\ &\quad + \int_0^t \sigma_s^0(X_s^i, \mathcal{L}^1(X_s^i)) dW_s^0. \text{ (a. s.)} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$P^0 \left[\mathcal{L}^1(X_t^i) = \mathcal{L}^1(X_t^1) \text{ for all } t \in [0, T] \right] = 1.$$

(Proposition 2.11 in Carmona and Delarue (2018b))

- System of interacting particles:

$$\begin{aligned} X_t^{i,N} &= X_0^i + \int_0^t b_s(X_s^{i,N}, \mu_s^{X,N}) ds + \int_0^t \sigma_s(X_s^{i,N}, \mu_s^{X,N}) dW_s^i \\ &\quad + \int_0^t \sigma_s^0(X_s^{i,N}, \mu_s^{X,N}) dW_s^0. \text{ (a. s.)} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$\mu_t^{X,N}(\cdot) := \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \delta_{X_t^{i,N}}(\cdot)$$

Propagation of chaos

Proposition 1 (Propagation of chaos)

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 3 and 4 be satisfied with $p_0 > 4$. Then,

$$\sup_{i \in \{1, \dots, N\}} \sup_{t \in [0, T]} E|X_t^i - X_t^{i, N}|^2 \leq K \begin{cases} N^{-1/2}, & \text{if } d < 4, \\ N^{-1/2} \ln(N), & \text{if } d = 4, \\ N^{-2/d}, & \text{if } d > 4, \end{cases}$$

where the constant $K > 0$ does not depend on N .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Assumption 5

For some $p_1 > 2$, there exists a constant $L > 0$ such that

$$2(x - \bar{x})(b_t(x, \mu) - b_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})) + (p_1 - 1)|\sigma_t(x, \mu) - \sigma_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})|^2 \\ + (p_1 - 1)|\sigma_t^0(x, \mu) - \sigma_t^0(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})|^2 \leq L\{|x - \bar{x}|^2 + \mathcal{W}_2^2(\mu, \bar{\mu})\},$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Assumption 6

There exist constants $L > 0$ and $\rho > 0$ such that

$$|b_t(x, \mu) - b_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| \leq L\{(1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/2}|x - \bar{x}| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu})\},$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Remark 1

Due to Assumptions 5 and 6, there exists a constant $K := K(L) > 0$ such that

$$|\sigma_t(x, \mu) - \sigma_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| + |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu) - \sigma_t^0(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| \leq K \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/4} |x - \bar{x}| \\ + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) \},$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Assumption 7

There exists a constant $L > 0$ such that

$$|b_t(x, \mu) - b_s(x, \mu)| + |\sigma_t(x, \mu) - \sigma_s(x, \mu)| + |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu) - \sigma_s^0(x, \mu)| \leq L|t - s|,$$

for all $t, s \in [0, T]$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Assumption 8

There exists a constant $L > 0$ such that, for every $j \in \{1, \dots, m\}$ and $j' \in \{1, \dots, m^0\}$

$$|\partial_x b_t(x, \mu) - \partial_x b_t(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/2-1} |x - \bar{x}| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) \},$$

$$|\partial_x \sigma_t^{(j)}(x, \mu) - \partial_x \sigma_t^{(j)}(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/4-1} |x - \bar{x}| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) \},$$

$$|\partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(j')}(x, \mu) - \partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(j')}(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/4-1} |x - \bar{x}| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) \},$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Tamed Milstein scheme

Assumption 9

There exists a constant $L > 0$ such that, for every $k \in \{1, \dots, d\}$, $j \in \{1, \dots, m\}$ and $j' \in \{1, \dots, m^0\}$,

$$|\partial_\mu b_t^{(k)}(x, \mu, y) - \partial_\mu b_t^{(k)}(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu}, \bar{y})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/2} |x - \bar{x}| \\ + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) + |y - \bar{y}| \},$$

$$|\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(k,j)}(x, \mu, y) - \partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(k,j)}(\bar{x}, \bar{\mu}, \bar{y})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/4} |x - \bar{x}| \\ + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) + |y - \bar{y}| \},$$

$$|\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(k,j')}(x, \mu, y) - \partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(k,j')}(x, \bar{\mu}, \bar{y})| \leq L \{ (1 + |x| + |\bar{x}|)^{\rho/4} |x - \bar{x}|^2 \\ + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \bar{\mu}) + |y - \bar{y}| \},$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x, \bar{x}, y, \bar{y} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu, \bar{\mu} \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Partition $[0, T]$ into n sub-intervals of size $h := T/n$ and define $\kappa_n(t) := \lfloor nt \rfloor / n$ for any $t \in [0, T]$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Further, for every $t \in [0, T]$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$,

$$b_t^n(x, \mu) := \frac{b_t(x, \mu)}{1 + n^{-1}|x|^\rho}, \quad \sigma_t^n(x, \mu) := \frac{\sigma_t(x, \mu)}{1 + n^{-1}|x|^\rho}, \quad \sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu) := \frac{\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)}{1 + n^{-1}|x|^\rho},$$

Remark 2

Using above equation, one obtains,

$$|b_t^n(x, \mu)| \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/2} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |b_t(x, \mu)| \right\},$$

$$|\sigma_t^n(x, \mu)| \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\sigma_t(x, \mu)| \right\},$$

$$|\sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu)| \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\},$$

$$\begin{aligned} & |\partial_x \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^n(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/2} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_x \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t(x, \mu)| \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Remark 2 continued . . .

$$\begin{aligned} & |\partial_x \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/2} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_x \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\}, \\ & |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^n(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t(x, \mu)| \right\}, \\ & |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\}, \\ & |\partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^n(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/2} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t(x, \mu)| \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Remark 2 continued . . .

$$\begin{aligned} & |\partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/2} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_x \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu)| |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\}, \\ & |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^n(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\}, \\ & |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^{0,n}(x, \mu)| \\ & \leq K \min \left\{ n^{1/4} (1 + |x| + \mathcal{W}_2(\mu, \delta_0)), |\partial_\mu \sigma_t^{0,(u,v)}(x, \mu, y)| |\sigma_t^0(x, \mu)| \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

for all $t \in [0, T]$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$ and $\mu \in \mathcal{P}_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ and for some constant $K > 0$ independent of n .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

We propose the following tamed Milstein-type scheme,

$$\begin{aligned} X_t^{i,N,n} &= X_0^i + \int_0^t b_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) ds + \int_0^t \tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) dW_s^i \\ &\quad + \int_0^t \tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) dW_s^0 \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

almost surely for any $t \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$. The coefficients $\tilde{\sigma}^n$ and $\tilde{\sigma}^{0,n}$ are defined below. For any $s \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) := \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \quad (5)$$

where $\Gamma^{n,\sigma}$ is further expressed as a sum of four matrices, i.e.,

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) &:= \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \\ &\quad + \bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \end{aligned}$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

$\Lambda^{n,\sigma\sigma}$, $\Lambda^{n,\sigma\sigma^0}$, $\bar{\Lambda}^{n,\sigma\sigma}$ and $\bar{\Lambda}^{n,\sigma\sigma^0}$ are $d \times m$ -matrices given below,

$$\Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})$$

$$:= \partial_x \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^i,$$

$$\Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma^0,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})$$

$$:= \partial_x \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^{0,n}(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^0,$$

$$\bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})$$

$$:= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \partial_\mu \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{j,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{j,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^j,$$

$$\bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma\sigma^0,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})$$

$$:= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \partial_\mu \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{j,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^{0,n}(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{j,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^0.$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

For any $s \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) := \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \quad (6)$$

where Γ^{n,σ^0} is further expressed as a sum of four matrices, i.e.,

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) &:= \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \\ &\quad + \bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) + \bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \end{aligned}$$

$\Lambda^{n,\sigma^0\sigma}$, $\Lambda^{n,\sigma^0\sigma^0}$, $\bar{\Lambda}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma}$ and $\bar{\Lambda}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma^0}$ are $d \times m^0$ -matrices whose (u, v) -th elements are given in this order by

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \\ := \partial_x \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^i, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0\sigma^0,(u,v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \\ := \partial_x \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,(u,v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^{0,n}(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X,N,n}) dW_r^0, \end{aligned}$$

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$$\bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n, \sigma^0 \sigma, (u, v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X, N, n})$$

$$:= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \partial_\mu \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0, (u, v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X, N, n}, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{j, N, n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{j, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X, N, n}) dW_r^j,$$

$$\bar{\Lambda}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n, \sigma^0 \sigma^0, (u, v)}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X, N, n})$$

$$:= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N \partial_\mu \sigma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0, (u, v)}(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X, N, n}, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{j, N, n}) \int_{\kappa_n(s)}^s \sigma_{\kappa_n(r)}^{0, n}(X_{\kappa_n(r)}^{j, N, n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(r)}^{X, N, n}) dW_r^0,$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Lemma 2

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, for each $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$,

$$E|\Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^{p_0} \leq KE(1 + |X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} + KE\mathcal{W}_2^{p_0}(\mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, \delta_0),$$

$$E|\Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^{p_0} \leq KE(1 + |X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} + KE\mathcal{W}_2^{p_0}(\mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, \delta_0),$$

for all $s \in [0, T]$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Corollary 1

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, for each $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$,

$$E|\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^{p_0} \leq Kn^{\frac{p_0}{4}} \left\{ E(1 + |X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} + E\mathcal{W}_2^{p_0}(\mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, \delta_0) \right\},$$

$$E|\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^{p_0} \leq Kn^{\frac{p_0}{4}} \left\{ E(1 + |X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} + E\mathcal{W}_2^{p_0}(\mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, \delta_0) \right\},$$

for all $s \in [0, T]$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Lemma 3

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, for every $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$,

$$E|X_s^{i,N,n} - X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^{p_0} \leq Kn^{-p_0/4} \left\{ E(1 + |X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} + KEW_2^{p_0}(\mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}, \delta_0) \right\},$$

for any $t \in [0, T]$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ is independent of N and n .

Lemma 4 (Moment Bounds)

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then,

$$\sup_{i \in \{1, \dots, N\}} \sup_{t \in [0, T]} E(1 + |X_t^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} \leq K,$$

for any $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ is independent of n & N . Moreover, for any $q < p_0$,

$$\sup_{i \in \{1, \dots, N\}} E \sup_{t \in [0, T]} (1 + |X_t^{i,N,n}|^2)^{q/2} \leq K.$$

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Proof:

By Itô's formula and Cauchy-Schwarz inequality,

$$\begin{aligned} E(1 + |X_t^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} &\leq E(1 + |X_0^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2} \\ &+ \frac{p_0}{2} E \int_0^t (1 + |X_s^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2-1} \left\{ 2X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n} b_{\kappa_n(s)}^n (X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) \right. \\ &+ (p_0 - 1) |\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n (s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^2 + (p_0 - 1) |\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n} (s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^2 \left. \right\} ds \\ &+ p_0 E \int_0^t (1 + |X_s^{i,N,n}|^2)^{p_0/2-1} (X_s^{i,N,n} - X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}) b_{\kappa_n(s)}^n (X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n}) ds \end{aligned}$$

for any $t \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$. Observe that $\tilde{\sigma}^n$ and $\tilde{\sigma}^{0,n}$ are sum of two matrices, see equations (5) and (6). Thus, by $|A+B|^2 = |A|^2 + |B|^2 + 2 \sum_{u=1}^d \sum_{v=1}^m A^{(u,v)} B^{(u,v)}$ for matrices A and B along with Corollary 1, Lemmas [3, 2] and Gronwall's inequality, the proof is completed (4 pages). \square

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Lemma 5

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, for every $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$,

$$E|\Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq Kn^{-p/2},$$

$$E|\Gamma_{\kappa_n(s)}^{n,\sigma^0}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq Kn^{-p/2},$$

for all $p \leq p_0/(\rho/2 + 1)$, $s \in [0, T]$, and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Corollary 2

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, for every $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$,

$$E|\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq K,$$

$$E|\tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq K,$$

for any $p \leq p_0/(\rho/2 + 1)$, $s \in [0, T]$, $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Lemma 6

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then,

$$E|X_s^{i,N,n} - X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}|^p \leq Kn^{-p/2},$$

for any $p \leq p_0/(\rho/2 + 1)$, $s \in [0, T]$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where the constant $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Lemma 7

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then,

$$E|\sigma_s(X_s^{i,N,n}, \mu_s^{X,N,n}) - \tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq Kn^{-p},$$

$$E|\sigma_s^0(X_s^{i,N,n}, \mu_s^{X,N,n}) - \tilde{\sigma}_{\kappa_n(s)}^{0,n}(s, X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq Kn^{-p},$$

for any $p \leq p_0/(2\rho + 4)$, $s \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where the constant $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Lemma 8

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then,

$$E|b_s(X_s^{i,N,n}, \mu_s^{X,N,n}) - b_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})|^p \leq Kn^{-p/2},$$

for any $p \leq p_0/(2\rho + 4)$, $s \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where constant $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Lemma 9

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then,

$$\begin{aligned} E|X_s^{i,N} - X_s^{i,N,n}|^{p-2}(X_s^{i,N} - X_s^{i,N,n})(b_s(X_s^{i,N,n}, \mu_s^{X,N,n}) - b_{\kappa_n(s)}^n(X_{\kappa_n(s)}^{i,N,n}, \mu_{\kappa_n(s)}^{X,N,n})) \\ \leq Kn^{-p} + K \sup_{i \in \{1, \dots, N\}} \sup_{r \in [0, s]} E|X_r^{i,N} - X_r^{i,N,n}|^p, \end{aligned}$$

for any $p \leq p_0/(2\rho + 4)$, $s \in [0, T]$, $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ and $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$ where constant $K > 0$ does not depend on n and N .

Tamed Milstein-type scheme

Theorem 10 (Rate of convergence)

Let Assumptions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 be satisfied. Then, the explicit Milstein-type scheme (4) converges to the true solution of the interacting particle system (3) associated with McKean–Vlasov SDE (1) in strong sense with the L^p rate of convergence equal to 1 i.e.,

$$\sup_{i \in \{1, \dots, N\}} E \sup_{t \in [0, T]} |X_t^{i,N} - X_t^{i,N,n}|^p \leq Kn^{-p},$$

for any $p < \min\{p_1, p_0/(2\rho + 4)\}$, where the constant $K > 0$ does not depend on $n, N \in \mathbb{N}$.

Numerical Example

Mean-field stochastic double well dynamics:

$$X_t = X_0 + \int_0^t (X_s - X_s^3 + EX_s) ds + \int_0^t (1 - X_s^2) dW_s$$

$$X_t = X_0 + \int_0^t (X_s - X_s^3 + E^1 X_s) ds + \int_0^t (1 - X_s^2) dW_s + \int_0^t (1 - X_s^2) dW_s^0$$

Tamed Milstein scheme:

$$\begin{aligned} X_{(l+1)h}^{i,N,n} &= X_{lh}^{i,N,n} + \left(\frac{X_{lh}^{i,N,n} - (X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^3}{1 + n^{-1}|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_{lh}^{i,N,n} \right) h \\ &\quad + \frac{1 - (X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^2}{1 + n^{-1}|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} \Delta W_{lh}^i + \frac{(X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^3 - X_{lh}^{i,N,n}}{1 + h|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} ((\Delta W_{lh}^i)^2 - h) \\ X_{(l+1)h}^{i,N,n} &= X_{lh}^{i,N,n} + \left(\frac{X_{lh}^{i,N,n} - (X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^3}{1 + n^{-1}|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N X_{lh}^{i,N,n} \right) h \\ &\quad + \frac{1 - (X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^2}{1 + n^{-1}|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} \Delta W_{lh}^i + \frac{(X_{lh}^{i,N,n})^3 - X_{lh}^{i,N,n}}{1 + h|X_{lh}^{i,N,n}|^4} ((\Delta W_{lh}^i)^2 + (\Delta W_{lh}^0)^2 - 2h) \end{aligned}$$

Mean-field stochastic double well dynamics

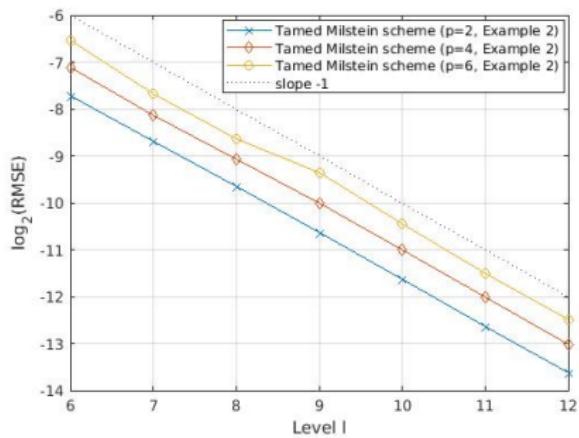


Figure: Double-well

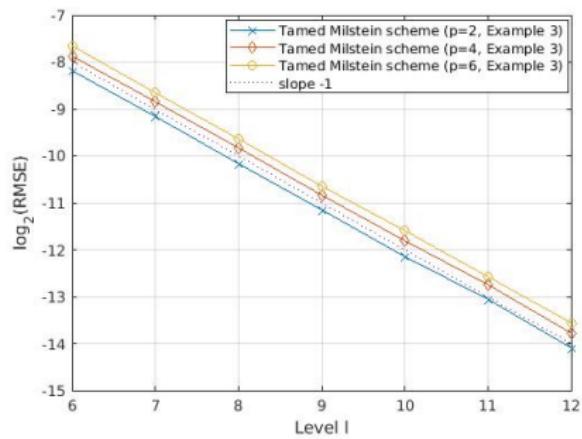


Figure: Double-well with common noise

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